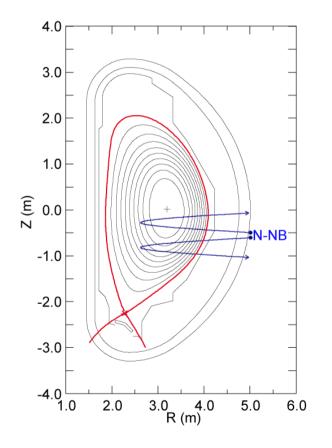
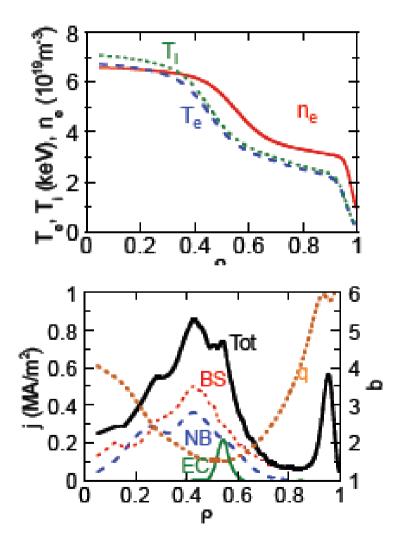
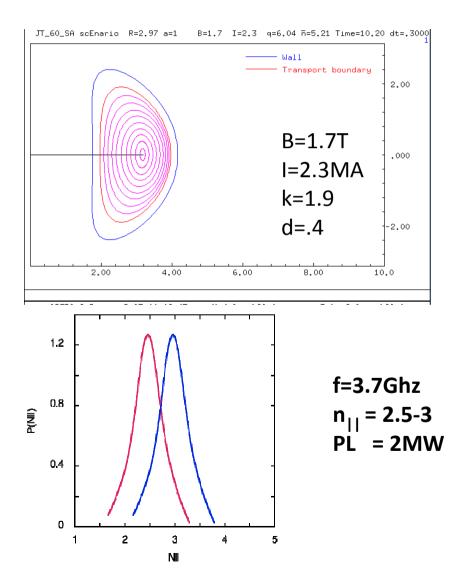
#### LHCD in JT60\_SA: a preliminary study E. Barbato, G. Giruzzi

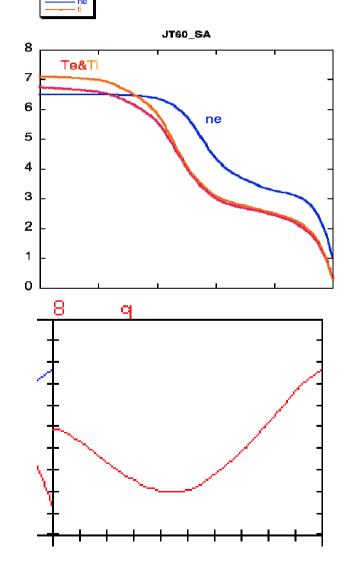
#### JT60\_SA /High- $\beta_N$ Full CD





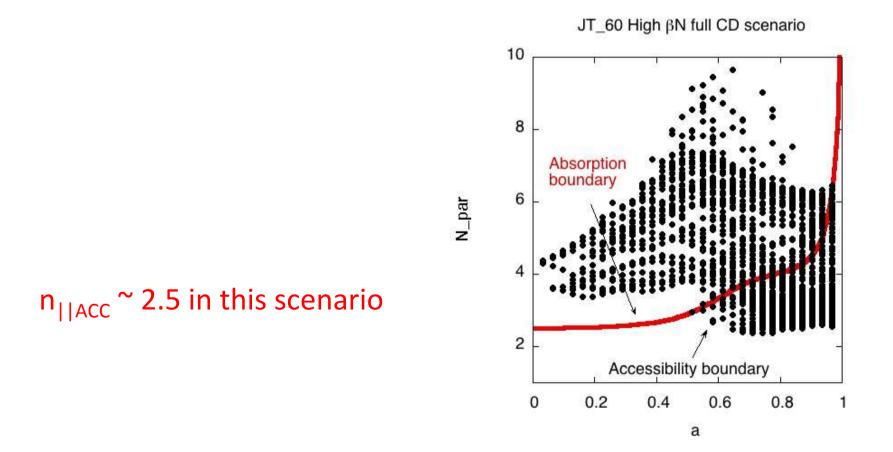
#### Simulation parameters





#### ACCESSIBILITY FOR THE HIGH BN SCENARIO

 $n_{||}$  window between  $n_{||ACC}$  (low boundary -non accessible region) and  $n_{||ELD}$  (upper boundary- absorption region)



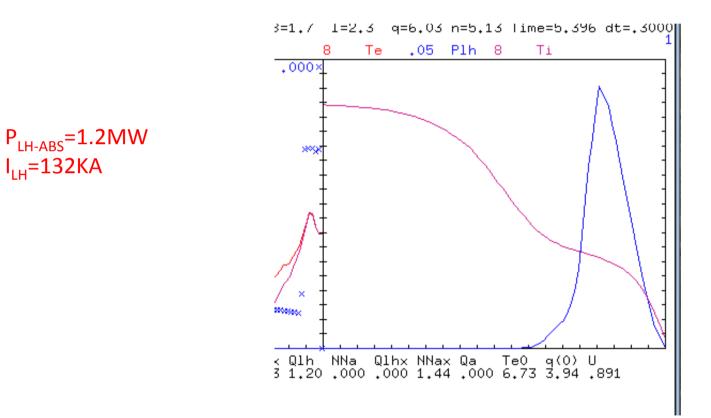
#### ACCESSIBILITY FOR THE SCENARIO 2 (SN, 5.5MA, 2.25 T)

JT60\_SA scenario 2 (2.25T/5.5MA) 10 8 Absorption boundary 6 Ξ 4 2 Accessibility boundary 0 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 а

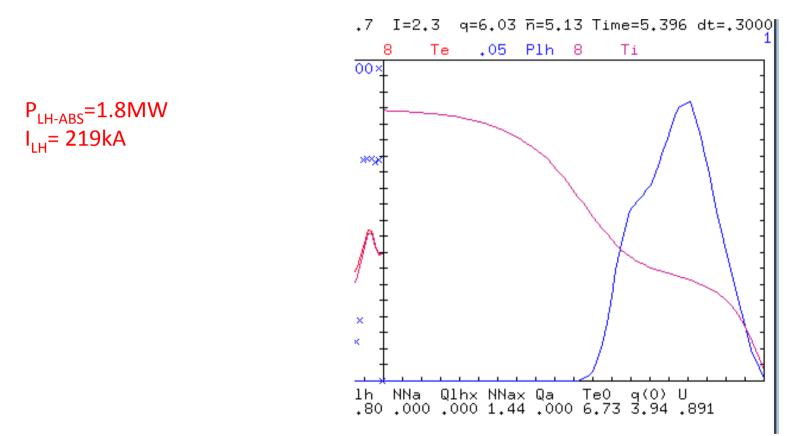
1

 $n_{||ACC} \sim 2.5$  also in this scenario

## High BN- full CD scenario $n_{||Launch}$ =2.5, $P_{ABS}$ =1.2MW



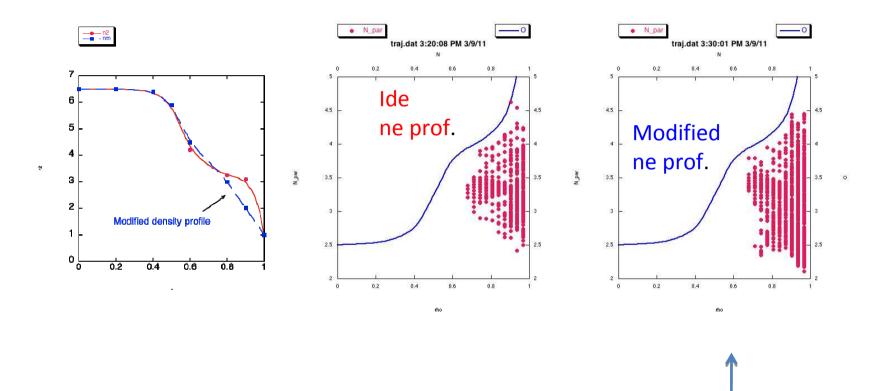
### High BN- full CD scenario n<sub>||Launch</sub>=3, P<sub>ABS</sub>=1.8MW



Fix n<sub>11</sub>=2.5 and all the other parameters to nominal values and consider

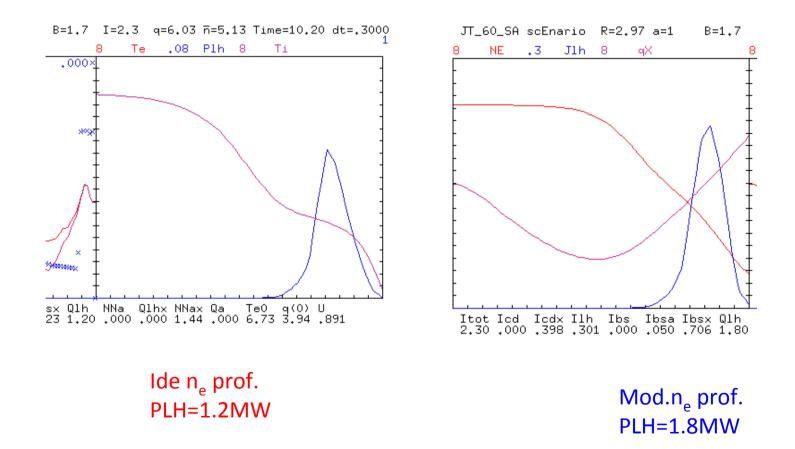
- Density profile variations
- Temperature variation (T >> T/2)
- B\_field (1.7 T >>>1.9 T) (P<sub>ABS</sub>=1.2MW
  >1.6MW)

#### Considered density profile variation

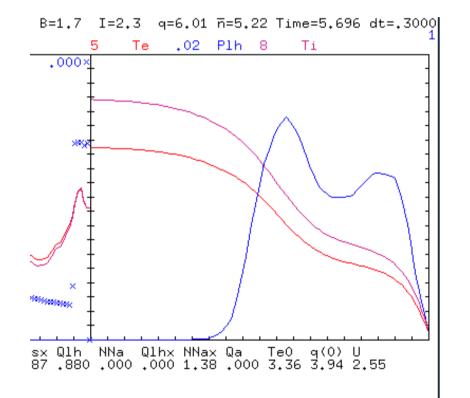


Lower edge densityBetter accessibility

# Absorbed power increases at lower edge density, while penetration is similar



## Temperature dependence: less absorbed power but better penetration



T=T<sub>IDE</sub>/2 P<sub>ABS</sub>~0.9MW

## Preliminary conclusions

- JT60\_SA has low field and high density
  >> high launched n<sub>||</sub> (n<sub>||</sub>=2.5-3)
- The accessibility condition sets  $n_{||} \ge 2.5$
- In the high  $\beta_N$  scenario
  - PABS=60% at n<sub>11</sub>=2.5
  - PABS=90% at n<sub>11</sub>=3
- Launching n<sub>||</sub>=2.5 the absorbed power ranges between 60% and 90% by varying edge density profile
- >>> CD localized at 0.8-0.9,
- Going to higher frequency does not improve the emerging picture.
- LHCD in the current ramp-up has to be studied